

Introduction

In 2013, the Connecticut Office of Early Childhood (OEC) released the Connecticut Early Learning and Development Standards (CT ELDS). This comprehensive set of standards for what young children from birth to age five should know and be able to do when provided with high quality learning environments by families, early care and education providers and communities. The CT ELDS cover eight domains, including the domain of Social Studies, which is broken down into 4 strands and 9 learning progressions across three to five years of age. The CT ELDS in the domain of Social Studies build from learning and development in the areas of Social and Emotional Development and Cognition beginning at birth. As children develop an understanding about themselves they are then able to understand themselves in relationship to their families and community. Eventually children have the cognitive skills to begin understanding things about the broader world.

In March of 2015 the Connecticut State Board of Education adopted the Connecticut Elementary and Secondary Social Studies Frameworks for kindergarten through grade 12. The Social Studies Framework includes four dimensions of inquiry, and several disciplines and main concepts are specified under Dimension 2.

Together the CT ELDS and the CSDE Social Studies Framework articulate a continuum of learning in the area of social studies. The attached crosswalk shows how the two documents are aligned to each other, illustrating how learning and development overtime can be supported. This document will be useful to preschool programs in considering how they support young children to build the foundations for when they enter kindergarten and to help children excelling in this area to build on current learning and development. For kindergarten teachers and/or curriculum specialists, the crosswalk will provide information about precursor skills important for children to be able to fully access the kindergarten curriculum. It can provide information on promoting learning and development for children who may not have had early learning experiences that addressed these skills or who need additional supports in this area.

The CT ELDS and the CSDE Social Studies Framework were developed based on some of the same foundational documents, including the *College, Career and Civic Life (C3) Framework for Social Studies State Standards: Guidance for Enhancing the Rigor of K-12 Civics, Economics, Geography, and History.* The CT ELDS Social Studies domain and the kindergarten portion of the CSDE Social Studies Framework are strongly aligned. However, the structure of the CT ELDS and the CSDE Social Studies Framework differ and in some cases the groups working on these documents have chosen to emphasize certain aspects of social studies learning. Early care and education programs and school districts are encouraged to work together, using this crosswalk as a tool for discussing the alignment across the preschool to kindergarten span and to intentionally plan to support children on their learning pathways.

Acknowledgements

The Connecticut Office of Early Childhood (OEC), the Connecticut State Department of Education and a small group of stakeholders collaborated on the development of this crosswalk document. The OEC would like to thank the following individuals for their contribution to this work:

Stephen Armstrong

Kathy Gavin

Kristi Hummel



Connecticut Early Learning and Development Standards to Connecticut Elementary and Secondary Social Studies Framework

Chart 1: Alignment of CT ELDS Social Studies Domain to CT Social Studies Frameworks for Kindergarte	en
---	----

CT ELDS Learning Progression	CT ELDS: 3 to 4 Years	CT ELDS: 4 to 5 years	CT Social Studies Frameworks: Kindergarten
Strand A: Understand self, fam	ily and a diverse community		
Individual Development and Identity	SS.48.1 Identify physical characteristics of self (e.g., eyes, hair, skin, etc.) SS.48.2 Demonstrate an understanding of self as part of a family	SS.60.1 Demonstrate an understanding that there are similarities and differences among people and families	No direct alignment exists between individual standards in Strand A, however; children's beginning understanding of their own and others' identity, family and culture provide them with the necessary foundations to embark on the learning in the area of social studies.
Culture	SS.48.3 Identify cultural characteristics of self, family and community (e.g., home language, foods, modes of transportation, shelter, etc.)	SS.60.2 Demonstrate understanding that there are similarities and differences among the cultural characteristics of people, families and communities (e.g., languages, foods, art, customs, modes of transportation and shelter)	
Power, Authority and Governance	SS.48.4 Demonstrate an understanding of some reasons for basic rules in the home, cultural community and/or classroom	SS.60.3 Demonstrate understanding of the reasons for rules and laws in the home, cultural community and/or classroom	CIV.K.1 Describe roles and responsibilities of people in authority (local/state/national e.g. judge, mayor, governor, police). CIV.K.3 Describe how communities work to accomplish common tasks, establish responsibilities, and fulfill roles of authority.

CT ELDS Learning Progression	CT ELDS: 3 to 4 Years	CT ELDS: 4 to 5 years	CT Social Studies Frameworks: Kindergarten
STRAND B: Learn about people	and the environment		
People, Places and Environments	SS.48.5 Demonstrate awareness that people share the environment with other people, animals and plants and have the responsibility to care for them	SS.60.4 Demonstrate awareness that people have a responsibility to take care of the environment through active participation in activities such as recycling	Indirect connections to the discipline of civics and to GEO.K.4: Explain how weather, climate, and other environmental characteristics affect people's lives in places or regions.
	SS.48.6 Describe, draw or construct aspects of the geography of the classroom and/or home	SS.60.5 Describe, draw or construct aspects of the classroom, home and/or community (including roads, building, bodies of water, etc.)	 GEO.K.1 Construct maps, graphs and other representations of familiar places GEO.K.2 Use maps, graphs, photographs and other representations to describe places and the relationships and interactions that shape them. GEO.K.3 Use maps, globes, and other similar geographic models to identify cultural and environmental characteristics of places.
Civic Ideals and Practices	SS.48.7 Participate in jobs and responsibilities at home, classroom or community	SS.60.6 Demonstrate an understanding of why certain responsibilities are important and participate in fulfilling responsibilities at home, classroom or community (e.g., cleaning up, caring for pets)	 CIV.K.2 Explain how all people, not just official leaders, play an important role in a community CIV.K.3 Describe how communities work to accomplish common tasks, establish responsibilities, and fulfill roles of authority. CIV.K.4 Apply civic virtues when participating in school settings.

	CT ELDS: 3 to 4 Years	CT ELDS: 4 to 5 years	CT Social Studies Frameworks: Kindergarten
STRAND C: Understanding of e	conomic systems and resources		
Individuals, Groups and Institutions	SS.48.8 Demonstrate awareness of a variety of jobs in the community and the work associated with them through conversation and/or play	SS.60.7 Demonstrate awareness of the tools and technologies associated with a variety of roles and jobs; expressing interest in different careers	These skills are precursors to learning in the discipline of civics. Preschoolers often learn about individual, groups, and institutions by exploring associated concrete objects such as tools and technologies. While there is no mention of tools and technologies in the kindergarten, these beginning explorations of individuals, groups and institutions provide a foundation for further learning about civics.
Production, Distribution and Consumption	SS.48.9 Demonstrate beginning understanding of commerce through exploring the roles of buying and selling in play	SS.60.8 Demonstrate understanding of the basic relationship of money for the purchase of food, shelter, goods and services, moving toward an understanding of the difference between wants and needs	ECO.K.1 Explain how scarcity necessitates decision-making. ECO.K.2 Identify the benefits and costs of making various personal decisions.
Science, Technology and Society	SS.48.10 Understand the use of tools, including technology, for a variety of purposes	SS.60.9 Begin to be aware of technology and how it affects life	Kindergarten students study maps and other geographic tools.

	CT ELDS: 3 to 4 Years	CT ELDS: 4 to 5 years	CT Social Studies Frameworks: Kindergarten
STRAND D: Understand change	over time		
Time, Continuity and Change	SS.48.11 Demonstrate a basic understanding of sequence of events and time periods (e.g., using terms such as time of day, yesterday, today and tomorrow)	SS.60.10 Demonstrate a beginning understanding of past, present and future as it relates to one's self, family and community	HIST.K.1 Compare life in the past to life today. HIST.K.3 Compare perspectives of people in the past to those in the present
	SS.48.12 Demonstrate a beginning understanding of change over time through discussing topics such as their own growth and how they have changed	SS.60.11 Demonstrate a beginning understanding of change over time through discussing, representing or playing, about expanding topics such as their own growth and family history	 HIST.K.2 Generate questions about individuals and groups who have shaped a significant historical change. HIST.K.8 Generate possible reasons for an event or development in the past. CIV.K.9 Describe how people have tried to improve their communities over time.

Chart 2: Alignment of other CT ELDS components (domains other than Social Studies and supplementary guidance) with the CT Social Studies Frameworks for kindergarten

CT ELDS: 3 to 4 Years	CT ELDS: 4 to 5 years	CT Social Studies Frameworks: Kindergarten
Inquiry Cycle from the social studies section of S	INQUIRY	
to the Domains and Strands		Dimension 1: Developing Questions and
		Planning Inquiry
1. Notice, Wonder, Explore		Dimension 2: Applying Disciplinary Concepts
2. Raise Questions and Develop an Investigation	n Plan	and Tools
3. Collect Information		Dimension 3: Evaluating Sources and Using
4. Look for Patterns and Relationship		Evidence
(Cycle may repeat)		Dimension 4: Communicating Conclusions and
		Taking Informed Action
Domain: Social and	Emotional Development	HIST.K.3 Compare perspectives of people in the
Strand C: Develop, express, re	cognize and respond to emotions.	past to those in the present.
Learning Progression: Recognitio	n and response to emotions in others	
SE.48.7 Recognize, label and respond to a	SE.60.9: Recognize and show	CIV.K.3 Describe how communities work to
wide variety of emotions in others	acknowledgement of the feelings, needs and	accomplish common tasks, establish
	rights of others through behavior (e.g., say	responsibilities, and fulfill roles of authority.
SE.48.8 Make connections	"thank you," share with others, notice issues	
between emotional reaction of others and	of fairness)	
own emotional experiences		
	SE.60.10: Begin to understand that different	
	people may have different emotional reactions	

CT ELDS: 3 to 4 Years	CT ELDS: 4 to 5 years	CT Social Studies Frameworks: Kindergarten
Strand A: Develop effect	Cognition ive approaches to learning Curiosity and Initiative	HIST K.4: Identify different kinds of historical sources
C.48.1 Explore and investigate a variety of experiences and topics using different materials (Note that the precursor in the learning progression, C.36.1, states: Ask questions and seek answers from a variety of sources)	C.60.1 Investigate ways to make something happen	 HIST K.5: Explain how historical sources can be used to study the past. HIST.K.6: Identify the maker, date and place of origin for a historical course from information within the source itself. HIST.K.7: Generate questions about a particular historical source as it relates to a particular historical event or development.

CT ELDS: 3 to 4 Years	CT ELDS: 4 to 5 years	CT Social Studies Frameworks: Kindergarten
Domain: Social and Emotional Development		CIV.K.4: Apply civic virtues when participating
Strand B: Develop self-regulation		in school settings.
Learning Progression: Regula	ation of emotions and behavior	
SE.48.3 Use strategies to self-soothe with	SE 60.4 Demonstrate increased ability to	
limited adult support	consider the social standards of the	
	environment when responding to their	
	emotional state	
Domain: Social and E	imotional Development	
Strand B: Deve	lop self-regulation	
Learning Progression: Regul	ation of impulses and behavior	
SE.48.4 With adult guidance and support, wait	SE.60.5 Tolerate small levels of frustration and	
for short period of time to get something	disappointment, displaying appropriate behavior	
wanted (e.g., waiting for turn with a toy or	with adult prompting and support	
waiting for next step in daily routine)		
	SE.60.6 Initiate previously taught strategies to	
SE.48.5 Make transitions and follow basic	help delay gratification (e.g., sets up turn-taking	
schedule, routines and rules with occasional	with a peer, finds a book to read while waiting	
reminders	for a special activity)	
	SE.60.7 Recall and follow daily routines with	
	little support, including adapting to changes in	
	rules and routines	

CT ELDS: 3 to 4 Years	CT ELDS: 4 to 5 years	CT Social Studies Frameworks: Kindergarten
Domain: Social and Emotional Development		CIV.K.4: Apply civic virtues when participating
Strand C: Develop, express, re	cognize and respond to emotions.	in school settings. (continued)
Learning Progression: Recognition	and Response to Emotions in Others	
SE.48.7 Recognize, label and respond to a	SE.60.9 Recognize and show	
wide variety of emotions in others	acknowledgement of the feelings, needs and	
	rights of others through behavior (e.g., say	
SE.48.8 Make connections between emotional	"thank you," share with others, notice issues	
reaction of others and own emotional	of fairness)	
experiences		
	SE.60.10 Begin to understand that different	
	people may have different emotional reactions	
Domain: Social and I	 Emotional Development	CIV.K.5: Follow agreed upon rules for
Strand A: Develop trusting healthy attachm	ents and relationships with primary caregivers.	discussions while responding attentively to
Learning Progressio	n: Adult Relationships	others when addressing ideas and making decisions as a group.
SE.48.12 Communicate with familiar adults	SE.60.15 Typically use socially appropriate	
and accept or request guidance	behavior with adults, such as helping,	CIV.K.8: Identify and explain how rules function
	responding to limits, etc.	in public.
Domain: Lang	uage and Literacy	
Strand A: Use langua	age for social interaction	
Learning Progression:	Language for Interactions	
L.48.11 Answer simple who, what, where and	L.60.10 Use language to share ideas and gain	
why questions	information	

CT ELDS: 3 to 4 Years	CT ELDS: 4 to 5 years	CT Social Studies Frameworks: Kindergarten
Domain: Physical Health and Development		CIV.K.6: Explain the need for and purposes of
Strand C: Acqui	re adaptive skills	rules in various settings inside and outside of
Learning Progression: S	afety and Responsibility	school.
PH.48.9 Understand basic safety rules at home	PH.60.7 Understand the reason for most	
and in familiar settings (e.g., school, library and	basic safety rules at home, in familiar	
playground). Generally follow rules and bring	settings and in the community	
other children's rule-breaking to the attention of		
adults		
Domain:	Cognition	CIV.K.7: Explain how people can work together
Strand A: Develop effectiv	e approaches to learning	to make decisions in the classroom.
Learning Progression: Cooperation	with Peers in Learning Experiences	
C.48.4 Engage in and complete learning	C.60.5 Plan and complete learning activity with a	
activities with peers	peer	
	C.60.6 Model or teach peers how to use	
C.48.5 Help and cooperate in group	materials or complete a task	
Domain	Science	GEO.K.4: Explain how weather, climate and
Strand E: Understand	features of the Earth	other environmental characteristics affect
Learning Progression: Earth and Human Activity		people's lives in places or regions.
5.48.10 Observe, record, and note patterns S.60.14 Give examples of ways in which weather		
regarding weather and the effects on the	variables (hot/cold temperatures, amount and	
immediate environment (e.g., Rain over a	intensity of precipitation, wind speed) affect us	
period of days causes flooding. Sunny days	and/or cause changes to earth's features (e.g.,	
cause the flower bed to dry out.)	The stream has greater water flow after snow	
	melts.)	