



## **DOES YOUR CHILD:**

		Child's Name
Have ways to calm t	hemselves when upset?	
Often	Sometimes	Not Yet
Identify several emo	otions (maybe in books or wh	en others express the emotions)?
Talk about being a p	part of a group such as your fa	amily, a class, or a playgroup?
Often	Sometimes	Not Yet
	<mark>dults with</mark> your support? (e.g. <mark>room, s</mark> ay "hello" to a cashier	tell the doctor if something hurts )
Often	Sometimes	Not Yet
-	dren with a common goal or a ether) for a brief time?	activity (e.g. pretending together,
Often	Sometimes	Not Yet
Q		Clip and return to school.
		Clip and Save.

## Plan a small challenge

Pick an activity or game that interests your child but also challenges them just a little. If they show frustration, talk about what they are feeling. For example, "I see you are frustrated because the tower fell down" or "I notice you are getting upset." Then work together to find a solution. By doing this, you teach your child emotion words, let them that know it is okay to feel frustrated or upset, and help them think of solutions. This helps children learn that it is okay to be upset, but that they don't have to stay that way!

## **Practice Taking Turns**

Play a game that involves taking turns or ask your child to share a favorite toy for a short time. Help them take turns by letting them know they will get a chance to play soon. Focus on the skill of waiting rather than what they are waiting for. Waiting is often hard for children so start with quick turns. They may need reminders that they will have a turn. It can help to have something else to do while waiting. Say aloud, "Now it's your turn" to ease the stress of waiting and help with switching turns.























